



The Patient Instruction for Home Care of Urinary Tract Infection (UTI) Created in 2007.1

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1. What is UTI?

The urinary tract infection is induced by bacteria in urinary tract.

2. Predisposing factors:

Diabetes Mellitus, urinary tract obstruction (ex stone), suppress the urine, pregnancy, elder woman, poor hygiene, neurogenic bladder (dystonic bladder), long-term urinary catheter insertion, immune system diseases, congenital disease.

3. Symptoms:

Fever, chillness, urinary frequency, lower abdominal pain, flank pain, hematuria, urgency, dysuria burning sensation, nocturia.

- 4. Knowledge in daily activity
 - (1) Avoid to suppress urination.
 - (2)Drink as much water (2000~3000 cc) as you can (if no cardiovascular disease or edema), to increase the urine amount and lower the bacteria in urine.
 - (3)Eat cranberry, plum, raisin, etc.
 - (4) Avoid to take a bath in a tub and encourage to take a shower.
 - (5) Avoid public baths with poor hygiene.
 - (6)Notice the hygienic custom, the female patient should go to toilet after sexual intercourse and avoid vagina syringe; Use the toilet paper to clean perineum from vagina to anus after stool passage; The male patient should pay attention to clean the urinary meatus and penis after voiding.
 - (7)Choose lose and cotton material underpants to wear and avoid tighter and chemical synthesis underpants and pantyhose.
- 5. Please follow up your condition at out-patient clinic as doctor's order or go to urologic clinic for further evaluation and treatment.
- 6. We are glad to help you with any problems and you can call up our medical staffs in anytime. The consultation telephone number: Taipei (02)25433535-3126; Tamsui (02)28094661 2662.

Mackay Memorial	Hospital Emergency	Department

Urinary Tract Infection - Nursing Information and Self-Care

Signature: Relation to patient: Date:

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